# Package: nswgeo (via r-universe)

August 13, 2024

August 13, 2024
Title Geospatial Data and Maps for New South Wales, Australia
<b>Version</b> 0.4.0.9000
<b>Description</b> Geospatial data for creating maps of New South Wales (NSW), Australia, and some helpers to work with common problems like normalising postcodes. Registers its data with 'cartographer'.
License MIT + file LICENSE
Copyright file COPYRIGHTS
Encoding UTF-8
Language en-GB
LazyData true
<b>Roxygen</b> list(markdown = TRUE)
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
<b>Depends</b> R (>= $4.1$ ),
<b>Imports</b> cartographer ( $>= 0.2$ ), sf ( $>= 1.0$ )
Suggests dplyr (>= 1.0.0), ggplot2, nngeo, readr, stringr
<pre>URL https://github.com/cidm-ph/nswgeo,</pre>
https://cidm-ph.github.io/nswgeo/
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/cidm-ph/nswgeo/issues</pre>
Repository https://cidm-ph.r-universe.dev
RemoteUrl https://github.com/cidm-ph/nswgeo
RemoteRef HEAD
<b>RemoteSha</b> a579ac6bce0a07f546835f7a4edef6257ec97bcc
Contents
nswgeo-package

2 nswgeo-package

	crs_gda2020	4
	lga_nsw	5
	lhd	6
	normalise_postcodes	7
	normalise_state_names	7
	nsw	8
	outline	9
	phn	10
	poa_lhd_concordance	10
	postcodes	11
	suburbs	12
Index		13

nswgeo-package

Geospatial Tools for New South Wales

## Description

This package contains geospatial data for the NSW border and several types of features. It also contains some map plotting helpers to help you get from a data frame to a plot for common scenarios.

## Author(s)

Maintainer: Carl Suster < Carl. Suster@health.nsw.gov.au > (ORCID)

Other contributors:

• Western Sydney Local Health District, NSW Health [copyright holder]

## See Also

Useful links:

- https://github.com/cidm-ph/nswgeo
- https://cidm-ph.github.io/nswgeo/
- Report bugs at https://github.com/cidm-ph/nswgeo/issues

australia 3

australia	Geospatial data of the Australian state and territory administrative boundaries.

## **Description**

Excludes external territories.

#### Usage

```
australia
states
```

#### **Format**

An object of class sfc\_MULTIPOLYGON (inherits from sfc) of length 1.

An object of class sf (inherits from tbl\_df, tbl, data.frame) with 8 rows and 9 columns.

#### **Details**

The geometries have been simplified with a tolerance of 5 km to reduce the level of detail.

#### **Functions**

- australia: External boundaries of Australia as a multipolygon.
- states: State and internal territory boundaries of Australia.

## Source

Australian Bureau of Statistics. "Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Edition 3." ABS, Jul2021-Jun2026, https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/standards/australian-statistical-geography-statistical-geography-statistics/standards/australian-statistical-geography-statistics/standards/australian-statistical-geography-statistics/standards/australian-statistical-geography-statistics/standards/australian-statistical-geography-statistics/standards/australian-statistical-geography-statistics/standards/australian-statis-geography-statistics/standards/australian-statistics/standards/

The original dataset is published under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence, © Commonwealth of Australia 2021.

## **Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(states) + geom_sf(aes(fill = STE_NAME21))
```

crs\_gda2020

covid_cases_nsw	Small sample of COVID-19 cases in NSW for testing and demonstration.

## **Description**

This subset covers a random selection of entries from 3 LGAs, and ignores the case count field.

## Usage

```
covid_cases_nsw
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 100 rows and the following columns:

```
postcode The postal code
```

**lhd** The name of the Local Health District

lga The name of the Local Government Area

type A synthetic disease type/lineage/etc., either A or B

year Year of the case notification

#### **Source**

NSW Ministry of Health. "NSW COVID-19 cases by location." https://data.nsw.gov.au/data/dataset/covid-19-cases-by-location, accessed 11 October 2022.

The original dataset is published under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 licence, © State of New South Wales 2020-2022.

## **Examples**

```
head(covid_cases_nsw)
```

crs\_gda2020

Coordinate reference system for Australia

## Description

GDA2020 is the official CRS used by the Commonwealth and NSW. Geospatial data in this package uses GDA2020.

lga\_nsw 5

## Usage

```
crs_gda2020()
crs_gda2020_cartesian()
crs_gda2020_albers()
```

#### **Details**

crs\_gda2020 is EPSG 7844 with axes specified in degrees. crs\_gda2020\_cartesian is EPSG 7842 with Cartesian axes in metres. crs\_gda2020\_albers is EPSG 9473, the Albers equal area projection used for area computation.

#### Value

A simple features CRS

lga\_nsw

Geospatial data of the New South Wales administrative boundaries.

## **Description**

These include the Unincorporated Far West Region. 1ga\_nsw excludes Jervis Bay Territory and the ACT. poa\_nsw includes both territories and some postal areas extend past the state boundary.

## Usage

```
lga_nsw
```

#### **Format**

An object of class sf (inherits from tbl\_df, tbl, data.frame) with 131 rows and 9 columns. An object of class sf (inherits from tbl\_df, tbl, data.frame) with 644 rows and 7 columns.

#### **Details**

The geometries have been simplified with a tolerance of 750 m to reduce the level of detail.

## **Functions**

- lga\_nsw: Local Government Area boundaries of New South Wales.
- poa\_nsw: Postal area boundaries of New South Wales.

6 Ihd

#### Source

Australian Bureau of Statistics. "Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Edition 3." ABS, Jul2021-Jun2026 (24 July 2024 update), https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/standards/australian-statistical-geography-standard-asgs-edition-3/jul2021-jun2026, accessed 29 July 2024.

The original dataset is published under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence, © Commonwealth of Australia 2021.

## **Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(lga_nsw) + geom_sf(aes(fill = LGA_NAME_2024), show.legend = FALSE)
library(sf)
sf_use_s2(FALSE)
# cut out part of the postcode dataset (it's quite large)
bbox <- st_bbox(c(xmin = 142, xmax = 147, ymin = -33, ymax = -30)) |>
st_as_sfc(crs = crs_gda2020())
st_crop(poa_nsw, bbox) |>
ggplot() +
geom_sf() +
geom_sf_text(aes(label = POA_CODE_2021), size = 4)
```

1hd

Local Health Districts of NSW.

## **Description**

The geometries have been simplified with a tolerance of 750 m to reduce the level of detail.

## Usage

1hd

#### **Format**

An object of class sf (inherits from tbl\_df, tbl, data.frame) with 15 rows and 11 columns.

#### **Source**

Spatial Services, Department of Customer Service NSW. "MyHospitals\_Public", https://portal.spatial.nsw.gov.au/portal/home/item.html?id=5a1e5dd9b38245d3b976c21b56fd6185, accessed 4 May 2023. Republished from NSW Ministry of Health, "Map of local health districts", https://www.health.nsw.gov.au/lhd/Pages/lhd-maps.aspx.

The original dataset is published under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence, © State of New South Wales NSW Ministry of Health 2023. For current information go to https://www.health.nsw.gov.au.

normalise\_postcodes 7

## **Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(lhd) + geom_sf(aes(fill = lhd_name), show.legend = FALSE)
```

normalise\_postcodes

Normalise postal codes

## **Description**

Some special postcodes are used in addresses, such as codes for post office boxes. This helper converts those to the postcode for the closest normal suburb if there is a reasonable clear match. If there is no good match, the postcodes are left unchanged.

## Usage

```
normalise_postcodes(codes)
```

## **Arguments**

codes

Character vector of postcodes (or coercible to one).

## **Details**

Note that this goes a little further than the aliases that are registered with cartographer (which only account for postcodes with no geospatial data in the ABS dataset).

## Value

Character vector of the same size as the input, but with the normalised postcodes.

## **Examples**

```
normalise_postcodes(c(1685, 2000, 1010, 2129, 2145))
```

 ${\tt normalise\_state\_names} \ \ \textit{Normalise state names from abbreviations}$ 

## **Description**

Expand abbreviations like "NSW" to "New South Wales", and normalise to title capitalisation. Entries that don't match any state name or abbreviation are left untouched.

## Usage

```
normalise_state_names(names)
```

8 nsw

#### **Arguments**

names

Character vector of state names.

#### Value

Vector of the same size as the input, but with the normalised state names.

## **Examples**

```
normalise_state_names(c("nsw", "VIC", "overseas", "Queensland"))
```

nsw

Outlines of New South Wales and relevant territories.

## Description

Lord Howe Island is administratively part of NSW, but as it is a small island some 600 km off the coast, it is frequently omitted from maps of NSW.

## Usage

nsw

act

lhi

jbt

sydney

## **Format**

An object of class sfc\_MULTIPOLYGON (inherits from sfc) of length 1.

An object of class sfc\_MULTIPOLYGON (inherits from sfc) of length 1.

An object of class sfc\_MULTIPOLYGON (inherits from sfc) of length 1.

An object of class sfc\_MULTIPOLYGON (inherits from sfc) of length 1.

An object of class sfc\_POLYGON (inherits from sfc) of length 1.

## **Details**

The Australian Capital Territory is an enclave within NSW, and Jervis Bay Territory is a small Australian territory on the coast, surrounded by NSW. Neither are NSW territory, but they affect the shape of NSW's outline and are sometimes useful to include in maps alongside NSW due to their locations.

The geometry for nsw has been simplified with a tolerance of 750 m to reduce the level of detail, whereas the territories maintain their full resolution. sydney is simplified with a 500 m tolerance.

outline 9

## **Functions**

- nsw: External state boundary excluding LHI but including ACT and JBT.
- act: Australian Capital Territory boundary.
- 1hi: Lord Howe Island boundary.
- jbt: Jervis Bay Territory boundary.
- sydney: Greater Sydney boundary.

#### **Source**

Australian Bureau of Statistics. "Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Edition 3." ABS, Jul2021-Jun2026 (24 July 2024 update), https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/standards/australian-statistical-geography-standard-asgs-edition-3/jul2021-jun2026, accessed 29 July 2024.

The original dataset is published under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence, © Commonwealth of Australia 2021.

#### See Also

outline()

outline

New South Wales outline with or without related territories

## **Description**

The default outline nswgeo::nsw includes Jervis Bay Territory, excludes Lord Howe Island, and does not have a cut out for the ACT. This utility allows each of these to be adjusted.

## Usage

```
outline(lord_howe_island = FALSE, act_cutout = FALSE, jervis_bay = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

lord\_howe\_island

Include Lord Howe Island.

act\_cutout Cut out the area of the Australian Capital Territory.

jervis\_bay Cover the area of the Jervis Bay Territory.

## Value

A simple features data frame with the requested geometries.

## See Also

nsw

10 poa\_lhd\_concordance

## **Examples**

```
library(ggplot2)
outline(lord_howe_island = TRUE) |> ggplot() + geom_sf()
```

phn

Primary Health Network boundaries of New South Wales

## **Description**

The geometries have been simplified with a tolerance of 500 m to reduce the level of detail.

## Usage

phn

## **Format**

An object of class sf (inherits from tbl\_df, tbl, data.frame) with 10 rows and 9 columns.

## **Source**

National Recovery and Resilience Agency, "PHN Boundaries used by the NBRA", https://data.gov.au/data/dataset/phn-boundaries-used-by-the-nbra, accessed 25 May 2023.

The original dataset is published under the Creative Commons Attribution 2.5 Australia licence, © Commonwealth of Australia 2021.

poa\_lhd\_concordance

Concordance between postal areas and local health districts.

## Description

Contains the other administrative geometries which intersect with the local health district boundaries, along with the size of the intersection.

## Usage

```
poa_1hd_concordance
```

#### **Format**

An object of class data. frame with 825 rows and 5 columns.

postcodes 11

#### **Details**

For geographic regions used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS), the ABS publishes correspondence files. These files compare how two different types of regions align with each other. The Australian Government Department of Health and Aged Care published analogous concordance files for primary health networks (PHNs). These are useful for mapping between different types of administrative districts. There does not appear to be a publicly available set of concordance files for New South Wales local health district geographies.

The concordance was computed here by intersecting the ABS geometries with the local health district geometries. The fraction of the ABS geometry's area included in the intersection is reported in the column FRAC\_INCLUDED. Any intersection with FRAC\_INCLUDED at least 0.01% was retained. Area computations were performed in crs\_gda2020\_albers() (EPSG 9473 equal area Albers) coordinates at the original reolution of the source data.

Note that postal areas are not precisely the same as postcodes used by Australia Post, however they are very similar.

#### Source

Computed using the same source datasets as 1hd and poa\_nsw.

## **Examples**

```
library(dplyr)

# postcodes that overlap with Murrumbidgee LHD
poa_lhd_concordance |>
  filter(lhd_name == "Murrumbidgee", FRAC_INCLUDED > 0.005) |>
  arrange(desc(FRAC_INCLUDED)) |>
  pull(POA_NAME_2021)
```

postcodes

Postal codes and localities of New South Wales.

#### **Description**

Derived from several government sources with some community curation. This version additionally attempts to canonicalise non-physical postcodes to assist with mapping.

## Usage

postcodes

#### **Format**

A data frame with 7 columns:

```
postcode A postal code
locality A suburb or locality
```

12 suburbs

state NSW

SA2\_NAME\_2016 Statistical Area 2 name to assist with disambiguating localities with identical names

**special** Flag indicating this is a post office box, mail distribution centre or other special postal code **old** Flag indicating that this code appears to have been superseded

**canonical** The closest canonical postal code, e.g. mapping post office boxes to the main suburb's postal code

#### Source

Matthew Proctor. "Australian Postcodes", https://www.matthewproctor.com/australian\_postcodes, accessed 6 February 2023.

The original dataset is released to the public domain.

## **Examples**

```
set.seed(12345)
postcodes[sort(sample.int(nrow(postcodes), 5)),]
```

suburbs

Suburbs of New South Wales.

## Description

A dataset containing the names of suburbs in NSW and their postcodes. These fields are extracted as-is from the source dataset published by DCS Spatial Services, NSW Government.

## Usage

suburbs

## **Format**

A data frame with 2 columns:

**suburbname** The name of the suburb, in upper case **postcode** The main postcode of the suburb, as a character

#### Source

Spatial Services, Department of Customer Service NSW. "NSW Administrative Boundaries Theme

- Suburb." https://portal.spatial.nsw.gov.au/portal/home/item.html?id=38bdaa10b7cc41a3a19be6eca91f5368accessed 21 September 2022.

The original dataset is published under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence, © State of New South Wales (Spatial Services, a business unit of the Department of Customer Service NSW).

## **Index**

```
* datasets
    australia, 3
    covid_cases_nsw, 4
    lga_nsw, 5
    1hd, 6
    nsw, 8
    phn, 10
    {\tt poa\_1hd\_concordance},\, 10
    postcodes, 11
    suburbs, 12
act (nsw), 8
australia, 3
covid_cases_nsw, 4
crs_gda2020, 4
crs_gda2020_albers (crs_gda2020), 4
crs_gda2020_cartesian(crs_gda2020), 4
jbt (nsw), 8
lga_nsw, 5
1hd, 6
lhi (nsw), 8
normalise_postcodes, 7
normalise_state_names, 7
nsw, 8, 9
nswgeo (nswgeo-package), 2
nswgeo-package, 2
outline, 9
outline(), 9
phn, 10
poa_lhd_concordance, 10
poa_nsw (lga_nsw), 5
postcodes, 11
states (australia), 3
suburbs, 12
sydney (nsw), 8
```